



RA-0702
Second Year B. Sc. Examination
March / April – 2010
English Compulsory (L.L.)

Time : Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

Instructions :

(1)

<p style="text-align: center;">नीचे दशांशों में निम्नलिखित विवरणों का पूरा भरना आवश्यक है। Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.</p> <p>Name of the Examination : ☛ S. Y. B. Sc.</p> <p>Name of the Subject : ☛ English Compulsory (L.L.)</p> <p>☛ Subject Code No. : 0 7 0 2 ☛ Section No. (1, 2,.....): Nil</p>	<p>Seat No. : <input type="text"/><input type="text"/><input type="text"/><input type="text"/><input type="text"/><input type="text"/><input type="text"/></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 15px; padding: 10px; text-align: center; width: 100%;">Student's Signature</div>
---	---

- (2) All the questions are **compulsory**.
(3) Clearly indicate the option attempted.
(4) Figures to the **right** indicate full marks of each question.

- 1 Answer in short any **three** of the following : **12**
- (a) What was Jim's gift for Della?
(b) Why did Gangu not bow to his master?
(c) What are the typical South Indian traits of family that you notice in the story, 'I prepare to go to Coimbatore'?
(d) Attempt a personality sketch of Roof.
(e) Explain the title of the story 'The eyes are not here'.
(f) What steps did Mathilde's husband take to find the lost necklace?

- 2 (a) Discuss 'The Gift of the Magi' as a typical story of O.Henry. **10**

OR

- (b) Show that the story 'The Voter' shows that politics destroys moral values. **10**

OR

- (c) Appreciate the story 'The hitch hiker'. **10**

- 3 (a) Ruskin Bond explores the experience of the blind but does it with much skill and tact in the story 'The Eyes Are not Here' - Discuss. 10

OR

- (b) Appreciate the story 'The Diamond Necklace'. 10

OR

- (c) Describe the meeting between the narrator and Cabuliwallah in the end. 10

- 4 (a) Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow : 5

Mankind has always been dependent on plants. Primitive man used them for many things; for food, for shelter and for fire. Sometimes he could get along without the last **two**, but he always had to have the first food.

Early people probably needed about the same amount of food that we do today. In those ancient days certainly there were people who couldn't get enough to satisfy their hunger. Today inspite of all other gadgets and our technology there are still hungry people in many parts of the world. Lord John Boyd Orr, who was the first director of the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO) said that a lifetime of poor nutrition and actual hunger is the fate of atleast **two-thirds** of the world's population.

Questions :

- (i) On what has mankind always been dependent?
- (ii) How much food did the early people need?
- (iii) Do people get enough food today?
- (iv) Who was Lord John Boyd Orr?
- (v) What is the fate of at least two thirds of the world's population?

- (b) Make a precis of the following paragraph and give it a suitable title : 5

Morals and manners, which give colour are of much greater importance than laws, which are but their manifestations. The law touches us here and there, but manners are about us everywhere, pervading society like the air we breathe. Good manners as we call them are neither more nor less than good behaviour consisting of courtesy and kindness, benevolence being the preponderating element in all kinds of mutually beneficial and pleasant intercourse amongst human

being "civility" said Lady Montague loses nothing and buys everything. The cheapest of all things is kindness, its exercise requiring the least possible trouble and self sacrifice. "Win hearts" said Burleigh to Queen Elizabeth," and you have all men's hearts and purses." If we would only let nature act kindly, free from affectation and artifice, the results on the social good humour and happiness would be incalculable. The title courtesies which from the small change of life, may separately appear of little intrinsic value but they acquire their importance from repetition and accumulation. They are like the spare minutes or the great day, which proverbially produce such momentous results in the course of a twelve-month or in a life time.

- 5 Write a paragraph on any one of the following : 8
- (a) My Favourite Scientist
 - (b) Health is wealth
 - (c) Importance of English

- 6 Write a letter of condolence to a friend who has lost his father. 8

OR

- 6 Write a letter congratulating your friend who has stood first in his final examination. 8

- 7 Do as directed : 12

(i) Fill in the blanks choosing the **right** words from those given in the brackets.

(a) I have said enough about the subject and I don't wish to say anything _____. (farther, further)

(b) The post office is _____ to the co-operative store. (next, nearest)

(ii) Change the following sentences using the degrees of comparison other than the one you find in it :

(a) Leela is not a better dancer than Syamala.

(b) A foolish can be more dangerous than a wise enemy.

(iii) Rewrite the following sentences putting the indirect object next to the verb without 'to' or 'for' :

(a) Get a cup of coffee for the patient.

(b) Could you get a job for my son in your office?

- (iv) Fill in the blanks with the modals appropriate to the meaning indicated in brackets :
- (a) He _____ tell his father the whole truth.
(absence of courage)
 - (b) I _____ rather stay at home than go for a walk in this weather. (Preference)
- (v) Fill in the blanks with the correct forms, singular or plural of the verbs given in the brackets. Use the verbs in the tense indicated :
- (a) Of the forty boys thirty _____ small pox.
(have) (present perfect)
 - (b) Father with mother and the children _____ on a long tour to the South. (go) (present-progressive)
- (vi) Change the voice of the following sentences :
- (a) The enemy bombed the city last night.
 - (b) The Chairman was ringing the bell.
-